Observation System STP

Version: 1.0

Created: 19/04/2023

Last Updated: 21/04/2023

Author: Dolev Mishali

Test Plan: Observation System

Table of contents

[Introduction 2](#_Toc133014512)

[Objectives 2](#_Toc133014513)

[Testing Tree 3](#_Toc133014514)

[User Interface 3](#_Toc133014515)

[Functional 3](#_Toc133014516)

[Non – Functional 3](#_Toc133014517)

[Entry and Exit Criteria 4](#_Toc133014518)

[Entry Criteria 4](#_Toc133014519)

[Exit Criteria 4](#_Toc133014520)

[Test Strategy 5](#_Toc133014521)

[Test Approach 5](#_Toc133014522)

[Test Automation 5](#_Toc133014523)

[Exploratory Testing 5](#_Toc133014524)

[Functional Testing 5](#_Toc133014525)

[Test Plan Specifications 6](#_Toc133014526)

# Introduction

Observation System - mounted on a telescopic pole at a height of 5 meters uses a combination of night vision and daylight cameras, GPS, azimuth system, and radar to detect people within a maximum range of 8km. The system shall identify and recognize a person from 8 km max. The system provides data to a real-time computer that communicates with the user's computer. Then, transfers the data to a video screen and map screen, along with location information. The system providing accurate and detailed information even in low-light or adverse weather conditions, weak connections and able to handle with exceptions.

# Objectives

* + Detection of people within a maximum range of 8km: The system aims to identify and recognize people from up to 8km, using a combination of cameras and radar technology.
  + Real-time data transfer: The system shall provide accurate and detailed information in real-time, ensuring timely responses and decision-making.
  + Reliability and accuracy: The system must be reliable and accurate, even in low-light or adverse weather conditions, to provide a dependable solution for surveillance, search, and rescue operations, and monitoring remote locations.
  + Easy positioning and adjustment: The system should be easy to position and adjust, making it ideal for use in various environments.
  + Integration with user's computer: The system shall seamlessly communicate with the user's computer, transferring data to a video screen and map screen, along with location information.
  + Security: The system should provide a secure solution, ensuring the safety and privacy of data transferred between the system and the user's computer.

## Testing Tree

### User Interface

* + - Verify that all user interface elements are displayed correctly on the screen.
    - Elements on the screen are responsive and interact as expected when clicked.
    - Verify that the system can handle different screen resolutions and sizes.
    - Check that the system responses quickly and efficiently to user interactions.
    - Handle many users and interactions without slowing down or crashing.
    - Corresponding with different input devices, such as touchscreens or keyboards.
    - RT handling with different network conditions, slow or unreliable internet connections.

### Functional

* + - Verify the normal reaction speed between the joystick movement, the camera display, the map, and the other systems accordingly.
    - Verify the person location according to the systems and the map.
    - Check if the system is recognized person perfectly and not match something else as person.
    - Testing if the system can handle with more than 1 person in the frame when they are near to each other or separate.
    - Check the messages between the systems in by a dedicated monitor.
    - Testing a real time computer using a certain input and testing the corresponding output (input from the camera with a person recognition and output to the map with the correct sign).
    - Sync system: check if the map is displaying the corresponding Azimuth according to the camera angle view, the Radar, and the laser rangefinder.
    - Radar recognition test: check if the radar is able to recognize a person at the maximum range.

### Non – Functional

* + - Verify that the system can handle many simultaneous

user requests without any performance degradation.

* + - Handle with GPS problems (weak connection, connection lost, unrecognized connection, etc.)
    - Verify that the system can recover from any errors or exceptions successfully.
    - Security Testing: check if the system is secure and can prevent unauthorized access.
    - Disaster recovery testing: Verify that the system can recover from various types of disasters (power outages, hardware failures).

# Entry and Exit Criteria

### Entry Criteria

* The observation system hardware and software are installed and configured according to the manufacturer's specifications.
* The observation system passes a preliminary functional test, including basic camera and radar functionality.
* The real-time communication between the observation system and user's computer is established and validated.

### Exit Criteria

* + - All test cases in the STP have been executed and passed.
    - The observation system has successfully detected and recognized people at up to 8km in a variety of lighting and weather conditions.
    - The real-time data transfer from the observation system to the user's computer is functioning correctly and consistently.
    - The system meets all acceptance criteria as outlined in the support documents, including performance thresholds, reliability, and security requirements.
    - The observation system is documented according to the established standards, including test results, configuration data, and user manuals.

# Test Strategy

### Test Approach

The test approach for the observation system will focus on validating the functional and non-functional requirements provided by the client. The project will follow an agile approach with weekly iterations, with each iteration's requirements delivered to the team for testing. The testing will mainly target GUI testing to ensure a user-friendly interface.

### Test Automation

Automated unit tests will be integrated into the development process, but no automated functional tests are planned at this time.

### Exploratory Testing

This testing is carried out without test scripts and documentation to ensure critical defects are removed before the next levels of testing can start. The scope of this testing will cover Signup, send message, and mobile version, and will be conducted by the testing team.

### Functional Testing

Functional testing will be carried out by feeding input and validating output from the observation system to ensure that it meets the functional

requirements specified by the client.

# Test Plan Specifications

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Expected Result** | **Description** | **Type** | **Tests** | **N.** |
| See a red rectangle surrounding new person on video as identified person | Camera recognizes persons using AI engine | SW | Camera Recognition |  |
| Camera changing to mode as user selected | Change camera`s mode to Day, Night, Fusion | SW | Camera Mode |  |
| Camera changing to focus as user selected | Change camera`s focus to max and min | SW | Camera Focus |  |
| Camera changing to zoom as user selected | Change camera`s zoom to far and near | SW | Camera Zoom |  |
| Latency should be less than 60 MS | Camera Latency with glass-to-glass time | SW | Camera Latency |  |
| Video will change to selected camera and camera button will be colored with green | Change camera view from user interface | SW | Switch Cameras |  |
| On joystick movement, check if camera moving and Azimuth map updated as well with low latency | Joystick send (x,y) movements messages to RT component and correspond to all system component | SW | Joystick to RT Inputs/outputs |  |
| People on the map appear at less than 8 km | After camera recognizes persons, rangefinder sends ranges to RT computer and adding persons at less than 8 km | SW | Rangefinder Lazer |  |
| All system ready after 1 minute | After system down, all system power up with 120V | System | System Power up |  |
| Platform appear on map on the exact same location getting from GPS | Place the platform in a familiar location (Latitude, Longitude) | SW | Platform Location |  |
| RT get the messages and rotate the pole as written in the messages | Send joystick (x,y) messages to RT computer to rotate the pole without a real joystick | SW | Joystick Mock |  |
| RT computer should handle the load test perfectly | Send a big bulk of messages to the RT computer in short time | SW | Load RT computer |  |
| Person will NOT add to the map, it is not a real person | Place a cardboard of a human being in range of less than an 8 KM | SW | Cardboard of a human being |  |
| All persons less than 8 KM should appear in the map | Place multiple persons in space at different locations and distance | SW | Multiple Person |  |
| All of component should work at the same level | Test all system components in different weather conditions | System | Weather condition |  |
| Person should add and change location in map in all speed situations | Identify and recognize a person even if they are moving at different speeds such as walking, running, or driving. | SW | Person in Motion |  |